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T. B. C.: ASG - 1/15 '

130965

Test Booklet Series



Serial No.

TEST BOOKLET

RECRUITMENT OF A. S. O. **ENGLISH**

Time Allowed: 1 (one) Hour

Maximum Marks: 100

: INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES :

- IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE EXAMINATION, YOU SHOULD CHECK THAT THIS TEST BOOKLET DOES NOT HAVE ANY UNPRINTED OR TORN OR MISSING PAGES OR ITEMS ETC. IF SO, GET IT REPLACED BY A COMPLETE TEST BOOKLET OF THE SAME SERIES ISSUED TO YOU.
- Please note that it is the candidate's responsibility to encode and fill in the Roll Number and Test Booklet Series A, B, C or D carefully using BALL POINT PEN (with BLUE OR BLACK INK) and without any omission or discrepancy at the appropriate places in the OMR Answer Sheet. Any omission/discrepancy will render the Answer Sheet liable for rejection.
- You have to enter your Roll No. on the Test Booklet in the Box provided alongside. DO NOT write anything else on the Test Booklet.
 - This Test Booklet contains 100 items (questions). Each item (question) comprises four
- responses (answers). You have to select the correct response (answer) which you want to mark (darken) on the Answer Sheet. In case, you feel that there is more than one correct response (answer), you should mark (darken) the response (answer) which you consider the best. In any case, choose ONLY ONE response (answer) for each item (question).
- You have to mark (darken) all your responses (answers) ONLY on the separate Answer Sheet provided, by using BALL POINT PEN (with BLUE OR BLACK INK). See instructions in the Answer Sheet.
- All items (questions) carry equal marks. All items (questions) are compulsory. Your 6. total marks will depend only on the number of correct responses (answers) marked by you in the Answer Sheet.
 - There will be no negative marking for wrong response (answer).
 - (iii) If candidates give more than one response (answer), it will be treated as a wrong response (answer) even if one of the given responses (answers) happens to be
- Before you proceed to mark (darken) in the Answer Sheet the responses (answers) to various items (questions) in the Test Booklet, you have to fill in some particulars in the Answer Sheet as per the instructions in your Admission Certificate.
- After you have completed filling in all your responses (answers) on the Answer Sheet and after conclusion of the examination, you should hand over to the Invigilator the Answer Sheet. You are permitted to take with you the candidate's copy/second page of the Answer Sheet along with the Test Booklet, after completion of the examination, for your reference.
- Sheets for rough work are appended in the Test Booklet at the end.

 The train from New Delhi is late by ? 	2	(Fill in the blanks choosing the correct
hours. What question wouldု ပွဲဝျ	MUSI	words) -
make in order to get this answer?		(A) short, unintelligent
(A) Is the train from New Delhi late	?	(B) unsmart, stupid
(B) How late is the train from Nev	N	(C) slow and dull
Delhi?		(D) brisk and witty
(C) When will the train from New Delhi arrive?		
And the second s	5.	Fill in the blank with the appropriate
(D) Where will the late train arriv	C	preposition:
en de la companya de La companya de la co		The document has to be certified by
2. Sam hasn't won this election	١,	an officer not the rank of
7		a Tehsildar.
(Fill in the blank choosing the correct	ct	(A) under
words)	•	(B) above
(A) has he		(C) below
(B) hasn't he	,	(Ď) over
(C) was he	6.	"Will you attend the meeting ?" he
(D) can he	0.	
3. Choose the correct antonym of	of	said. In reported speech this will be:
'optimist' :		(A) He asked us whether we would
(A) Cynical		attend the meeting.
(B) Pessimist	·	(B) We asked us whether he would
(C) Realist	÷ .	attend the meeting.
(D) Pragmatist		(C) He asked that if we will attend
4. Raju is quite smart and intelligent. H	is	the meeting.
brother, however, is rather	_	(D) We asked if he will attend the
and		meeting.
VL – 1A/15	(2)	Contd.
		•

	· '	
7.	The following word refers to a country	
	seeking public vote in respect of a	
• ,	matter of national policy or political	,
	significance :	
	(A) Referendum	
	(B) Referral	
	(C) Reference	
	(D) Referenda	
8.	All members of the staff leave office	

at 6 P. M. In the past tense this will

All members of staff left the

All members of the staff left

All the members of the staff left

(D) seen
10. I finished typing the pages. I left office.
(Rewrite using the phrase 'as soon as')
(A) I finished typing the pages as soon as I left office.
(B) I finished as soon as I typed the

(C)

meet

- pages to leave office.
- (C) As soon as I finished typing the pages I left office.
- (D) As soon as I finished the typing of pages I left the office.
- 11. Identify the wrongly spelt word in the following:
 - (A) Symbolic
 - (B) Synergy
 - (C) Systematic
 - (D) Synthasis
- 12. Identify the word with correct spelling:
 - (A) Liquidate
 - (B) Leagality
 - (C) Lisentious
 - (D) Liesure

office at 6 P. M.

office at 6 P. M.

- leaving office at 6 P. M.
- 9. "Have you seen Soumya of late?"

 "No, I'm afraid. I have not ______
 her for nearly a week."

(Fill in the blank with right word)

(A), √, saw

read:

(A)

(B)

(C)

(B) met

13.	No pain,is an old proverb.		(B) No, I haven't.
	(Choose the right phrase below and		(C) No, I won't.
•	complete the proverb)		(D) I will finish correcting this draft
	(A) no slain		soon.
	(B) no plain	17.	It was quite of you to have
	(C) no grain		the letter wrongly delivered
. 1	(D) no gain		to you.
14.	In the old saying, Honesty is the best		(Choose the right words to fill in the blanks)
14.	policy, 'Policy' means:		
	,		(B) thoughtful, returning
***	(B) Bet		(C) thoughtful, returned
	(C) Principle	٠	(D) thinking, return
	(D) Contact	18.	Corruption cannot be called a pan-
15.	you run, you will not catch		Indian phenomenon. What does 'Pan'
	up with your sister who left some time		mean?
٠.	ago.		(A) Only
	(Fill in the blank with right word /		(B) Within
	words)		(C) Across
	(A) If not		(D) All of the above
	(B) If	19.	If you think you have offended
			someone unawares, you must show
			the courtesy to
	(D) Unless		(Choose the right words to complete
16.	What would be the correct response		the sentence)
	to the following?		(A) explain the offence
	Have you finished correcting this draft?		(B) take back the offence
	(A) I have been correcting this draft	•	(C) say 'thank you'
	since morning.		(D) say 'sorry'
VL	– 1A/15	(4)	Contd.

20.	Rabibabu has been living in
	Balasore for the last twenty years.
	What this means is that
	(Fill in the blank with right words)

- (A) Rabibabu has left Balasore for good
- (B) Rabibabu's leaving Balasore was not good
- (C) Rabibabu is still living in Balasore
- (D) Rabibabu will live in Balasore forever
- 21. Which of the following is a correct sentence?
 - (A) I had checked my pockets and discovered that I forgotten the keys elsewhere.
 - (B) I checked my pockets and discovered that I had forgotten the keys elsewhere.
 - (C) I checked my pockets and discovered that I forgot the keys elsewhere.
 - (D) I check my pockets and discover that I had forgotten the keys elsewhere.

- 22. Find out the incorrect sentence below:
 - (A) Both sisters are telling lies;neither is to be believed.
 - (B) Both sisters tell lies; neither is believed.
 - (C) Both sisters are telling lies; neither are to be believed.
 - (D) Both sisters are neither telling lies; nor they are believed.

23.	Bring	axe ; I shall cut down
1 Cau	tree.	

(Supply the correct articles)

- (A) my, that
- (B) that, this
- (C) the, a
- (D) an, the
- 24. Identify the sentence that uses articles correctly:
 - (A) Office of the Collector is located at a distance of 2 kilometers.
 - (B) The Office of Collector is located at the distance of 2 kilometers.
 - (C) The Office of the Collector is located at a distance of 2 kilometers.

located at the distance of	(A) Would you mind my bringing the receipt tomorrow?
2 kilometers.	(B) Would you mind it giving you
25. The Prime Minister together with his	the receipt tomorrow?
personal staff coming.	(C) Would you mind if given the
(Fill in the blank)	receipt to you tomorrow?
(A) are	(D) Would you mind if I give you the
(B) is	receipt tomorrow?
(C) can	29. If you are asking for information, you
, (D) have	use very polite language. Which of the
26. This is my book. Where is? (Fill in the blank)	following is the most appropriate question in this context?
(A) mine	(A) Is there a train to Katihar from
(B) yours	here?
(C) others	(B) May I know the train to Katihar
(D) that	from here?
27. I am angry the boys	(C) Could you tell me whether there
disturbed my sleep.	is a train to Katihar from here?
(Fill in the blanks)	(D) Can you tell me the train from
(A) at, that	here to Katihar?
(B) with, who	30. "May I use your telephone?" is
(C) for, who	more than I want to use
(D) with, they	your telephone. (Fill in the blank)
28. Thaven't brought the receipt. I shall	(A) suggestive
give it to you tomorrow.	(B) authoritarian
(Begin with "Would you mind"	(C) polite
and rewrite the sentence)	(D) discourteous
VL - 1A/15 (6)	Contd.

31. It does not seem to suggest that the offenders who barged into the ATM counter were young people.

Which phrase here tells you that the speaker is not quite sure about the offenders?

- (A) Seem to suggest
- (B) Barged into
- (C) It does not
- (D) That the offenders
- 32. Immediate steps are being taken to return all unused funds to the Establishment Section.

(Change the voice)

- (A) The establishment section takes immediate steps to return.
- (B) The establishment section is taking immediate steps to return.
- (C) The establishment section are taking immediate steps to return.
- (D) The establishment section will take immediate steps to return.
- 33. Choose the past tense of the verb 'bend':
 - (A) bent

- (B) bended
- (C) binded
- (D) bond
- 34. For your information I would inform you that it is necessary to submit the status report to this office by 31st May, 2013.

(Correct the sentence by picking the right suggestion given below)

- (A) Begin the sentence with "by 31st May, 2013"
- (B) No change required
- (C) Omit the phrase "I would inform you that"
- (D) Omit the phrase "For your information"
- 35. Match the fragments correctly:
- (1) The longer you wait (a) is to withdraw your nomination
- (2) The more you (b) I shall give you more investigate
- (3) Once you finish (c) the better your chances this job will be
- (4) The least you (d) the more appalling facts could do will surface
 - (A) 1-(d), 2-(b), 3-(a), 4-(c)
 - (B) 1-(c), 2-(d), 3-(b), 4-(a)
 - (C) 1-(a), 2-(c), 3-(d), 4-(b)
 - (D) 1-(d), 2-(b), 3-(a), 4-(c)

36.	The	chair's leg is broken can be		(C)	Next, after, ultimately
	bette	er written as : 🕠 ·		(D)	And, but, yet
	(A)	The chairs leg is broken	40.	Drui	nken driving, smoking pot,
11110	(B)	The leg of the chair is broken		sho	plifting and kidnapping are
17	(C)	The leg of chairs is broken	,		(Fill in the blank)
: -	(D)	The chairs' leg is broken		(A)	offending
37.	The	police station is only a stone's			criminals
	throv	w from the site of burglary. What	•	(C)	offence
r	does	"a stone's throw" indicate?		(D)	crimes
	(A)	A heap of stones	41.	Wall	king along the road a car hit me.
	(B)	Circumstances of burglary			(Correct the sentence)
	(C)	Visibility		(A)	No correction required
1	(D)	Distance		(B)	As the car hit me, I was walking along the road.
38.	Sinc	e I had things to buy I		(C)	When I was walking along the
	had	withdrawn money from			road, a car hit me.
	theA	ATM.		(D)	Walking along the road, I was
		(Fill in blanks with right words)			hit by a car.
٠	(A)	a few, a little	42.	Con	nplete the series : kind – kinder
	(B)	a few, some			idest; fat – fatter – fattest; heavy
	(C)	some, a few			
	(D)	few, some	÷.	(F	ill in the blanks with right forms)
39.	In or	der to indicate a sequence, we		(A)	haevier – heaviest
, .	use	such words as :		(B)	heavier – heaviest
1.15	(A)	Moreover, further, again		(C)	havier – haviest
	(B)	First, second, third		<u>(</u> D)	heavyer – heavyest
VI	- 1A/1	5	(8)		Contd.

43.	One who smuggles is a smuggler,	46.	How long has she been waiting for
·	one who blackmails is a blackmailer;		the bus ? I am not sure.
	one who murders is a murderer; one		(Combine this pair into one sentence)
	who commits burglary is a :	•	(A) I am not sure how long she has
	(A) Burglar		been waiting for the bus.
	(B) Burgler		(B) I am not sure how long has she
	(C) Barglar		been waiting for the bus?
	(D) Burgle		(C) I am not sure that how long she
		•	has been waiting for the bus.
44.	,		(D) I am not sure for how long she
	(Fill in the blank)		has been waiting for the bus.
	(A) cured of	47.	The whole area is awfully polluted.
	(B) healed of		is a major environmental
	(C) died of		hazard. (Fill in the blank)
•	(D) succumbed of		(A) Pollution
45.	John's mother died last night.		(B) Polluting
	Another way of saying this would be:		(C) Pollutant
	(A) John's mother has gone last		(D) Pollutedness
	night.	48.	Put the following words in an order
	(B) John's mother passed by last		to make a meaningful sentence :
	night.	,	from/with/has not/he/an accident/
	(C) John's mother passed away		lastFebruary/which/recovered/met/
•	last night.		Amulya.
			(A) Last February Amulya met with
	(D) John's mother ended her life last night.		an accident from which he has
	iastriigitt.	•	not recovered.
VL	1A/15	(9)	(Turn over)

- (B) Amulya met with an accident last February from which he has not recovered.
- (C) Amulya met with an accident from which he has not recovered last February.
- (D) Amulya has not recovered from last February an accident which he met with.
- 49. Make a complete sentence from the following phrases:

In a bad temper – we must – in the morning – Mr. Mishra – usually – bear in mind.

- (A) Usually we must bear in mind that Mr. Mishra in the morning is in a bad temper.
- (B) Mr. Mishra bear in mind that we usually must in a bad temper in the morning.
- (C) We must bear in mind that Mr. Mishra is usually in a bad temper in the morning.
- (D) Usually we must bear in mind that Mr. Mishra is in a bad temper in the morning.

50. What do these expressions suggest to you?

May I know who's calling? Who's calling, please? Who's on the line?

- (A) Response to an outgoing phone-call
- (B) Queries regarding a former telephonic conversation
- (C) Queries regarding a current telephonic conversation
- (D) Response to an incoming phone-call
- 51. Many young people lost their jobs

 the great meltdown of
 American economy. (Fill in the blank)
 - (A) from
 - (B) since
 - (C) with
 - (D) during
- 52. Which of the following modifies 'observe' most suitably?
 - (A) Carefully
 - (B) Remotely
 - (C) Simply
 - (D) Silly

53.	It takes exactly one hour and twenty	•	(C) cussword (D) buzzword
	minutes to reach the railway station by car. Which of the following questions elicits the answer?	56.	(D) buzzword I'm not a very domestic sort of person. What this means is that the speaker?
	(A) Can I reach the railway station by hiring a car?(B) How far is the railway station from here?		(A) prefers to have a domestic help.(B) does not like home life very much.
	(C) How long does it take to reach the railway station by car?(D) Would you suggest that I hire a car to the railway station?		(C) is a stay-at-home sort of person.(D) does not like to leave home for work.
54.	After an official meeting we usually take a vote, reach an agreement, make a recommendation, agree on a course of action, or	57.	The poor man has to look after a large family of his own and his brother's, not to mention his old parents who live in the village. The phrase not to mention is used
	(Fill in the blank)(A) get started(B) disperse(C) get going(D) adopt resolution		 (A) to introduce extra information (B) to mention something unpleasant (C) to introduce an irrelevant fact (D) not to mention but to inform
55.	During Anna Hazare's agitation, "corruption" became a in the country. (Fill in the blank) (A) watchword (B) keyword	58.	Conjugal rights apply to (A) rights that affect a person's life (B) a judicial activist's rights (C) marital relations (D) official information
VL.	– 1A/15 (11)	(Turn over)

		•			•
59.	lder	itify the question below that does		(C)	They are not related; the
	not	quite require yes / no answer :			second statement is not ar
	(A)	Are you going home tonight?			issue that remains.
	(B)	How dare you ask me such a	4	(D)	None of the above
:		silly question?	62.	No	one can hope to get away with
	(C)	Could you show me the way to			h a big crime, "Get away with"
		your gymnasium ?	•	mea	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	(D)	Is there room for one more		(A)	Proceed with
		person in your office?		(B)	Go along with
60.	You'	d better take your final test		(C)	Tolerate
	soor	er than		(D)	Escape punishment
	,	(Fill in the blank)	63.	The	officer told me in no uncertain
	(A)	better			s that she cannot put up with such
	(B)	later	,		sense. "Put up with" means :
	(C)	latter		(A)	Tolerate
	(D)	earlier		(B)	Suffer
61.	Whil	e the immediate dispute		(C)	Encourage
	appe	ears to have been resolved,		(D)	Oppose
	many	r issues remain. It is yet unknown	64.	The	carpenter made this box and
,	what	motivated one party to back off.			ered it to the suppliers. Rewrite
	(A)	The two statements are			sentence beginning with : This
		unrelated.		box_	<u> </u>
	(B)	They are related in the sense		(Δ)	This hay was made and

that the second statement is

one of the issues that remains.

delivered it to the suppliers by

the carpenter.

- (B) This box was made by the carpenter and delivered it to the suppliers.
- (C) This box was made by the carpenter and delivered to the suppliers.
- (D) This box was made by the carpenter, it was delivered to the suppliers.
- 65. Hove my children. I cannot give them all the comforts they want.

(Combine into one sentence)

- (A) Although I cannot give all comforts they want I love my children.
- (B) I love my children eventhough I cannot give all they want.
- (C) I love my children although I cannot give them all the comforts they want.
- (D) I love my children though I cannot give them all comforts they want.
- 66. Had I known that the officer would be displeased ______.

 (Complete the sentence choosing the right words)
 - (A) I wouldn't do such a thing

- (B) would I not do such thing
- (C) I cannot do such a thing
- (D) I had not done such a thing
- 67. "I shall never forget the help I got from my parents. They have been so generous all through my days in school and college." Report this as told by a male person.
 - (A) He said that he shall never forget the help he got from his parents. He has been so generous all through their days in school and college.
 - (B) He said that he would never forget the help he had got from his parents. He added that they had been so generous all through his days in school and college.
 - (C) They said that he would never forget the help he had got from his parents. They added that he had been so generous all through their days in school and college.

- (D) She said that she would never forget the help she had got from her parents. She added that they had been so generous all through her days in school and college.
- 68. When a letter begins with "Dear Sir /

 Madam" we call it a ______ letter.

 (Fill in the blank)
 - (A) formal
 - (B) official
 - (C) informal
 - (D) unofficial
- 69. The notice or announcement of a person's death in a newspaper or periodical is ______
 - (A) an advertisement
 - (B) a column
 - (C) a feature
 - (D) an obituary
- 70. In the expression He laughed loudly, "loudly" _____.
 - (A) denotes duration
 - (B) indicates volume

- (C) describes manner
- (D) criticizes action

Direction (Q. Nos. 71 to 77): These questions are based on the following passage. Read it carefully. Pick the most appropriate answer from the options given after each question.

Across the world, there are barriers to higher education. In developed countries, they may be economic or geographical. In developing countries like India, the obstacles are not only economic or geographical in nature but also bureaucratic — the biggest obstacle of all is simply a lack of supply. That is why, far from the popular impression of online education being viable only in the developed world, it is actually in countries like India where it can fulfil its potential. Internet penetration is growing at a steady pace in India — and unlike conventional education where physical infrastructure is a huge limiting factor, internet connectivity alone can enable millions of youth to access quality higher education online. And we have concrete proof that Indians are

hungry for such opportunities. They form the second largest group of people, by nationality, accessing two of the largest online education efforts — Coursera and edX. It is not surprising after all that an Indian would be interested in the quality courses these initiatives offer, or access lvy League lectures online, or download podcasts by professors from the top global universities, all of which are freely available. With the abysmal situation of India's higher education, online education will free our youth to search for knowledge and power elsewhere.

71. The focus of this passage is on

- (A) higher education in India
- (B) online education for Indian students
- (C) coursera and edX
- (D) poor accessibility of higher education
- 72. The author of this passage is _____ Indian higher education.

 (Fill in the blank)
 - (A) critical of

- (B) appreciative of
- (C) indifferent towards
- (D) ignorant of
- 73. Which of the statement below is true, according to the author?
 - (A) There are barriers to higher education everywhere in the world.
 - (B) There are barriers to higher education only in India.
 - (C) There are barriers to higher education only among the Indian youth.
 - (D) India offers better opportunities to our youth among the developing nations.
- 74. What, according to the author, is the popular impression?
 - (A) That online education is inaccessible to all
 - (B) That online education is inaccessible to some
 - (C) That online education works only in the developed world
 - (D) That online education works only in the developing world

- 75. What is a limiting factor in higher education in India?
 - (A) Good teachers
 - (B) Physical infrastructure
 - (C) Distance between places
 - (D) Huge population
- 76. What lectures are freely available online?
 - (A) Coursera and edX
 - (B) University courses
 - (C) Ivy League
 - (D) Podcasts by professors
- 77. How does the author describe India's higher education?
 - (A) As depressing
 - (B) As below-par
 - (C) As abysmal
 - (D) As unimpressive
- 78. You take a lot of time to read books.

 It would be advisable to begin planning your essay early. Begin with "Considering," and combine the two sentences:
 - (A) Considering the planning of

- your essay early you take a lot of time to read books.
- (B) Considering that you take a lot of time to read books, it would be advisable to plan your essay early.
- (C) Considering that it would be advisable to plan your essay early, you take a lot of time to read books.
- (D) Considering that you take a lot of time to read books early, it would be advisable to plan your essay.
- 79. "I have finished this task. No, I am going home." What would be the appropriate questions for the responses here?
 - (A) Are you going home after finishing the task?
 - (B) Are you finishing the task? Or going home?
 - (C) Are you done? Are you staying?
 - (D) When will you finish and go home?

80. The car sped away. It hit on	ly me. In 83. Choose the correct word having the
other words,	same, or nearly the same meaning
(A) the car is still speedi	ng. It hit of the word 'Splendid':
only me.	(A) Beautiful
(B) the car sped away aft	er hitting (B) Glamorous
me and no one else.	
(C) the car sped away o	and the same of th
hitting me.	(D) Magnificent
(D) the car only sped aw hitting me.	ay while 84. Raju is brave, but his brother Ramu
	is
81. When your office requ	(A) shv
repair water pipes, you	/D) Limid
	(C) bored
(A) plumber	(D) tiny
(B) plover	85. The report implies that there is
(C) carpenter	severe scarcity of water and food.
(D) turner	Pick out the word that suggests that the
82. Which of the following is the	
word-formation?	
(A) Detest + ible = detes	(A) Implies tible
(B) Ditest + able = ditest	able (B) Severe
(C) Ditest + eable = dite	steable (C) Scarcity
(D) Detest + able = dete	stable (D) Report
VL – 1A/15	(17) (Turn over)

86.	It's pretty cold today. "It's" here			(D)	not work anymore	
	(A)	is a mistake. The correct word is "Its."	90.		nk I'll wait Saturday ore I decide what to do.	
87.	i	is a mistake. The correct words are "It is." stands for "It is." stands for "It was." been running.' What would be the logical and correct sentence? That's why I am gasping. That's why I am late. That's why I am not gasping. That's why I was late.	91.	(A) (B) (C) (D) The as: (A) (B) (C)	(Fill in the blank) till before unto until rights of women can be rewritten Women's rights The women's rights The woman's rights	
88.	l wis	the answer to this (Fill in the blank)	92.	(D) Silve	Woman's rights er Jubilee is the	
	(A) (B) (C) (D)	have known know can know knew		(A) (B)	special celebration of an event on its twenty-first anniversary special celebration of an event on its twenty-fifth anniversary	-
89.	(A) (B) (C)	very tired. I'd rather (Fill in the blank) work more not to work more work anymore		(C) (D)	special celebration of an event on its fiftieth anniversary special celebration of an event on its fifty-first anniversary	
VL-	`	·	18)		Contd	

- 93. Amit wasn't there. Amish wasn't there.

 When you combine these sentences
 as one, which of the following words
 would you use?
 - (A) But
 - (B) If
 - (C) Either
 - (D) Neither
- 94. _____enquiry the official maintained that nothing illegal had been done. (Fill in the blank)
 - (A) In
 - (B) Upon
 - (C) At
 - (D) Since
- 95. Has anyone told you what to do this week? If you begin the sentence with 'Have you', how will you complete the question?
 - (A) Told what to do this week by someone?
 - (B) Been told by someone what to do this week?

- (C) Told someone what has been done this week?
- (D) Been told someone what to do this week?

Direction (Q. Nos. 96 to 100): These questions are based on the following passage. Read it carefully. Pick the most appropriate and contextually apt answer from the options given after each question.

Rather than saying that little boys and little girls, from the very start, learn two different ways of speaking, I think that the process is more complicated. Since the mother and other women are dominant influences in the lives of most children under the age of 5, probably both boys and girls first learn 'women's language' as their first language. As they grow older, boys especially go through a stage of rough talk; this is probably discouraged in little girls more strongly than in little boys, in whom parents may often find it more amusing than shocking. By the time children are 10 or so, and split up into same-sex peer

groups, the two languages are already present, according to my recollections and observations. But it seems that what has happened is that the boys have unlearned their original form of expression and adopted new forms of expression, while the girls retain their old ways of speech. The ultimate result is the same, of course, whatever the interpretation.

So a girl is damned if she does, damned if she doesn't. If she refuses to talk like a lady, she is ridiculed and subjected to criticism as unfeminine; if she does learn, she is ridiculed as unable to think clearly, unable to take part in a serious discussion: in some sense, as less than fully human. These two choices which a woman has—to be less than a woman or less than a person—are highly painful.

- 96. "By the time children are 10 or so-----"
 What does this phrase suggest?
 - (A) Approximately
 - (B) Appropriately
 - (C) Or above
 - (D) Or below

- 97. "...... in whom parents may often find it more amusing than shocking."

 Who does the author mean here?
 - (A) Little boys
 - (B) Little girls
 - (C) Their parents
 - (D) Older girls
- 98. "[A] girl is damned if she does, damned if she doesn't." How do we understand what the author means by this statement?
 - (A) By reading the whole paragraph
 - (B) By reading the previous paragraph
 - (C) By reading the line following this statement
 - (D) By reading between the lines
- 99. Are the "two choices" mentioned in the last line real choices for women? Explain.
 - (A) Yes. They have the freedom to exercise the less painful choice.

- (B) Yes. They have the freedom to exercise the more beneficial choice.
- (C) No. They have no real choice either way.
- (D) No. They must feel painful always.
- 100. What we learn from this passage, is that
 - (A) Boys and girls learn to speak different languages because of norms widely accepted by a society.

- (B) Boys and girls learn to speak different languages because they are so conditioned biologically.
- (C) Boys and girls are not able to understand one another because they speak different languages.
- (D) Boys and girls do understand one another despite the different languages they speak.

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

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