SEAL

DO NOT OPEN THIS TEST BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE ASKED TO DO SO

T. B. C.: LAM - 1/16

Serial No.

Test Booklet Series



TEST BOOKLET

LECTURER IN AYURVEDA
PAPER – I

Time Allowed : 1½ Hours

Maximum Marks: 150

: INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

- IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE EXAMINATION, YOU SHOULD CHECK THAT THIS TEST BOOKLET DOES NOT HAVE ANY UNPRINTED OR TORN OR MISSING PAGES OR ITEMS ETC. IF SO, GET IT REPLACED BY A COMPLETE TEST BOOKLET OF THE SAME SERIES ISSUED TO YOU.
- 2. ENCODE CLEARLY THE TEST BOOKLET SERIES **A, B, C** OR **D**, AS THE CASE MAY BE, IN THE APPROPRIATE PLACE IN THE ANSWER SHEET USING BALL POINT PEN (BLUE OR BLACK).
- You have to enter your Roll No. on the Test Booklet in the Box provided alongside. DO NOT write anything else on the Test Booklet.
- 4. This Test Booklet contains 150 items (questions). Each item (question) comprises four responses (answers). You have to select the correct response (answer) which you want to mark (darken) on the Answer Sheet. In case, you feel that there is more than one correct response (answer), you should mark (darken) the response (answer) which you consider the best. In any case, choose ONLY ONE response (answer) for each item (question).
- 5. You have to mark (darken) all your responses (answers) ONLY on the Answer Sheet provided, separately, by using BALL POINT PEN (BLUE OR BLACK). See instructions in the Answer Sheet.
- 6. All items (questions) carry equal marks. All items (questions) are compulsory. Your total marks will depend only on the number of correct responses (answers) marked by you in the Answer Sheet.
- 7. Before you proceed to mark (darken) in the Answer Sheet the responses to various items (questions) in the Test Booklet, you have to fill in some particulars in the Answer Sheet as per the instructions in your **Admission Certificate**.
- 8. After you have completed filling in all your responses (answers) on the Answer Sheet and after conclusion of the examination, you should hand over to the Invigilator the Answer Sheet issued to you. You are allowed to take with you the candidate's copy/second page of the Answer Sheet along with the Test Booklet after completion of the examination for your reference.

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1.	The factors responsible for moving	5.	Atopa and Vimarga Gaman can be
	of DOSHAS from SAKHA to		seen in which stage of Kriya kala?
	KOSTHA:		(A) Third
	(A) Vriddhi		(B) Sixth
	(B) Visyandan		(C) Fourth
	(C) Paka		(D) Fifth
	(D) All of these		
2.	How many types of Dosha Prakopa	6.	In Sanchaya Avastha the accu- mulation of doshas will be:
	have been described by Sushruta		
	(Dalhana) ?		(A) In their places
	(A) 2 types		(B) In Sakhas
	(B) 3 types		(C) In Kostha
	(C) 6 types		(D) None of these
	(D) 4 types	7.	Which of the following is the cardinal
3.	The Aggravation or Accumulation of		sign of Sroto Dusthi?
	doshas will be affected by:		(A) Atipravritti
	(A) Dinaratri		(B) Sanga
	(B) Vayas		(C) Vimargagaman
	(C) Ritu		(D) All of these
	(D) All of these	8.	For the purpose of Nidana who is
4.	Which of the following is the		considered as the best ?
	Madhyama Roga Marga ?		
	(A) Hridaya		(A) Charak
	(B) Murdha		(B) Sushruta
	(C) Both of (A) and (B)		(C) Madhav
	(D) None of these		(D) Bhava Mishra
C	J — 1A/18	(2)	Contd.

- 9. When a disease is presented with Guda Linga it can be diagnosed by means of:
 - (A) Upasaya
 - (B) Anupasaya
 - (C) Both (A) and (B)
 - (D) None of these
- 10. According to Sushruta in which of the Sroto dusthi is presented with STHABDA MUTRATA?
 - (A) Shukravaha
 - (B) Mutravaha
 - (C) Purishavaha
 - (D) Raktavaha
- 11. ASKANDI clinical finding is seen in which DOSHA DUSTA SONITA according to Sushruta:
 - (A) Vata
 - (B) Pitta
 - (C) Kapha
 - (D) None of these
- 12. Which of the symptoms will be seen PACHYAMANA SOPHA according to Madhav?
 - (A) Chedanavat
 - (B) Pipilaka Dasan
 - (C) Kshara Dahan
 - (D) All of these

- 13. How many components the *NIDANA* has ?
 - (A) Four
 - (B) Three
 - (C) Five
 - (D) Six
- 14. According to Charak SANKHYA, VIKALP, PRADHANYA, BALA, KALA AND VIDHI are the six types of:
 - (A) Hetu
 - (B) Samprapti
 - (C) Rupa
 - (D) Purva Rupa
- 15. The *PRAKRITI* of a person will be established during :
 - (A) Pregnancy
 - (B) After Birth
 - (C) Puberty
 - (D) Middle Age
- 16. The Throbbing pain in MEDRA, GUDA, VANKSHANA, VASTI, MUSHAK AND NABHI etc can be experienced in:
 - (A) Holding of urge of Micturition
 - (B) Arsas
 - (C) Anaha
 - (D) Antravriddhi

- 17. MUHUR BADDHA MUHUR

 DRAVAM condition of Mala is seen
 in:
 - (A) Atisaar
 - (B) Pravahika
 - (C) Grahani
 - (D) All of these
- 18. According to Charak MUTRE ABHDHAVANTI PIPILIKASCHA the prodromal symptom is seen in:
 - (A) Mutra Atisar
 - (B) Prameha
 - (C) Jalodar
 - (D) Sukrameha
- 19. The colour of the blood expelled/out in PITTAJA RAKTA PITTA will resemble the colour of:
 - (A) Cows urine
 - (B) Pita
 - (C) Sweta
 - (D) Nila
- 20. According to Charak the organ on palpation, feels hard like ASTHEELA and raised like the back of the tortoise indicates:
 - (A) Astheela
 - (B) Yakritodara
 - (C) Pleehodara
 - (D) Antra Vriddhi

- 21. How many openings (dvaras) are there for the movement of Rakta Pitta in upward track (urdhwaja)?
 - (A) Seven
 - (B) Two
 - (C) Six
 - (D) Five
- 22. In which disease the patient will feel comfortable in sitting posture?
 - (A) Jalodar
 - (B) Tamak Shwasa
 - (C) Ashmari
 - (D) Amlapitta
- 23. Anaemia will result due to excessive intake of :
 - (A) Amla
 - (B) Lavana
 - (C) Kshara
 - (D) All of these
- 24. The Rajayaksma will be presented with how many number of Rupa (Symptoms)?
 - (A) Tri Rupa
 - (B) Shad Rupa
 - (C) Ekadasa Rupa
 - (D) All of these
- 25. The aggravated/accumulated (sanchita) doshas leaving the normal path and moving in abnormal pathway is known as:
 - (A) Chaya
 - (B) Prakopa
 - (C) Prasaman
 - (D) None of these

26.	The drug which helps in digesting		(C)	4 gm
	AMA and at the same time improves		(D)	12 gm
	the APETITE is known:	31.	PRA	AKSHEP is the synonym of :
	(A) Dipan (B) Pachan		(A)	Churna
	(C) Grahi		(B)	Swarasa
÷	(D) Vikasiu		(C)	Kalka
			(D)	Vati
27.	The DHANWANTARI BHAGA of SIDDHA RASAOUSHADHI:			
	(A) 1/8 Part	32.		SUDA has to be added in
	(B) 1/7 Part	-		rna, in what proportion it has to
	(C) 1/2 Part	··. 		idded?
_	(D) None of these		(A)	Equal to Churna
28.	PAYYAMAAN is related to:	•	(B)	Double to Churna
20.	(A) Weights of Solids		(C)	Four times to Churna
	(B) Measurement of Liquids		(D)	Contraindicated
•.	(C) Measurement of Lengths	33.	PRA	AMATHYA is according to
ing term	(D) Measurement of Time		Cha	rak:
20			(A)	A type of Swarasa
29.	According to Charak the <i>ROOTS</i> have to be collected in the season of:		(B)	Rasakriya
•	(A) Varsha		(C)	Deepan Pachan Kashaya
	(B) Greeshma		(D)	Sidhu
٠.	(C) Vasanta	34.	In <i>B</i>	HAKTA KALPANA, the water
	(D) Hemanta			ortion recommended is :
30.	One AKSHA is equal to how many		(A)	5 times
00.	gm. in Metric System ?		(B)	14 times
	(A) 3 gm		(C)	8 times
-	(B) 6 gm		(D)	Equal
0.1		: N	(-)	
(J) —	1A/18 (5	")		(Turn over)

35.	According to Bhava Prakas, the	(C) Sphatik
	quantity of milk in preparing	(D) None of these
	RASANJAN is:	40. The advantages of <i>PUTA</i> :
	(A) Equal to Decoction	
	(B) 1/4th to Decoction	(A) Laghutva
	(C) Doubled to Decoction	(B) Seegra Vyapi
	(D) Half to Decoction	(C) Deepan
36.	MAJJATI, STHIRATWAM are the tests (siddhi lakshan):	(D) All of these
	(A) Sneha Kalpana	41. DURMELA LOHA DWAYAMELAN
	(B) Sandhan Kalpana	is the property of :
	(C) Upanaha Kalpana	(A) Parad
	(D) Avaleha/Guda Paka Kalpana	(B) Navasadar
37.	Melting the solid materials by means	s (C) Gandhak
	of heat and pouring them in liquid media is known as:	d (D) Makshik
	(A) Avapa	42. The method to be adopted in
	(B) Nirvapa	SHODHAN OF SHILAJATU :
	(C) Nimajjan	(A) Dhouta
	(D) Dhalan	(B) Swedan
38.	Atomic Number of Gold is :	(C) Nimajjan
	(A) 79	(D) Nirjalikaran
	(B) 80	
	(C) 32	43. The chemical formula of
	(D) 16	GAURIPASHAN:
39.	The Material advised for making of	of (A) As ₂ S ₃
	TAPTA KHALVA is :	(B) As ₂ S ₂
	(A) Pashan	(C) As ₃ S ₂
	(B) Loha	(D) None of these

44.	NIKASHE KUMKUM PRABHAM is	49.	Which variety of Kharpar is useful in		
	the ideal character of :		incorporating into the medicines?		
	(A) Rajata		(A) Karavellak		
	(B) Gandhak		(B) Dardurak		
	(C) Swarna		(C) Both (A) and (B)		
	(D) Tamra		(D) None of these		
45.	Melting point of Zinc is:				
	(A) 962°C	50.	If MADHYA looses its sweetness		
•	(B) 1023°C		and attains sourness then it is known		
	(C) 1520°C		as:		
	(D) 419°C		(A) Asav		
40	UTTERIYENA GARBHATAM is the		(B) Aristha		
46.	character seen in :	٠.	(C) Chukra		
	(A) Swarna		(D) Pramathya		
•		51.	How many basic concepts (Padarth)		
•	(B) Vajra	. 01.	of Dravyaguna have been mentioned		
	(C) Vaidurya	•	by Bhava Prakash?		
	(D) Nilam				
47.	The colour of the flame emitted at the		(A) Six		
-	time of melting of metal is known as:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(B) Four		
	(A) Shuddhavarta	•	(C) Two		
	(B) Bijavarta		(D) One		
	(C) Both (A) and (B)	52.	The effect produced by a substance		
	(D) None of these	02.	in the body by means of combi-		
48.	PANCHAVARNA SUVARNAVAT is	4	nations and permutations of the		
	the property mentioned in Rasaratna	٠	materials is known as :		
	Samucchaya is for :				
	(A) Swarna				
	(B) Makshik		(B) Guna		
•	(C) Swarna Vanga		(C) Karma		
	(D) Naga		(D) Vipaka		

- 53. What are the factors recommended in support of DRAVYA PRADHAN VAD by Sushruta?
 - (A) Nityatwa
 - (B) Asrayatwa and Vyavastathwa
 - (C) Arambha samyatwa
 - (D) All of these
- 54. Which of the following has mentioned the basis of Nomenclature of Drugs?
 - (A) Madanpal Nighantu
 - (B) Charak Samhita
 - (C) Raja Nighantu
 - (D) Sushruta Samhita
- 55. The number of *KARAN DRAVYAS* is:
 - (A) Eight
 - (B) Nine
 - (C) Five
 - (D) Two
- 56. Audbhida dravyas are classified into how many classes?
 - (A) Six
 - (B) Four
 - (C) Three
 - (D) Ten

- 57. According to Charak the Flowering and Fruiting plants are known as:
 - (A) Vanaspati
 - (B) Virudh
 - (C) Vanaspatya
 - (D) Aushadh
- 58. KUSHMANDA, KANTAKARI AND BRIHATI have been included in which Skanda by Sushruta?
 - (A) Madhura Skanda
 - (B) Amla Skanda
 - (C) Katu Skanda
 - (D) Tikta Skanda
- 59. Charak has classified the drugs basing on their RACHANA into how many groups?
 - (A) Twelve
 - (B) Nine
 - (C) Eight
 - (D) Fifty
- 60. According to Charak the following have been included in LEKHANEEYA DRAVYA:
 - (A) Haridra
 - (B) Daru Haridra
 - (C) Both (A) and (B)
 - (D) None of these

٠							
61.	TRI	NAF	PAN	СНА І	NULA	are amo	ong
	whi	ch	of	the	ten	drugs	of
	MAI	ЧАК	(AS	HAYA	enur	nerated	by
	Cha	rak	?				
	(A)	Sth	nany	a Sho	dhan		
	(B)	Sh	ukra	Jana	n .		
	(C)	Sth	nany	a Jana	an.		
	(D)	Kri	migl	nna			

- 62. Charak has classified the drugs on the basis of *KARMA* into how many functional groups?
 - (A) Fifty
 - (B) Ten
 - (C) Eight
 - (D) Six
- 63. According to Charak which one is AHITATAM IN SHAMI DHANYA?
 - (A) Mudga
 - (B) Masha
 - (C) Kuluttha
 - (D) All of these
- 64. Charak has placed MRIDWIKA under:
 - (A) Hitatama
 - (B) Ahitatama
 - (C) Viruddha
 - (D) None of these

- 65. According to Charak KSHIRA GHRITA ABHAYAS is the best (AGRYA) for:
 - (A) Vajikaran
 - (B) Tarpan
 - (C) Rasayan
 - (D) Brimhan
- 66. Who has enumerated AVYAKTA

 RASA as one of the rasa?
 - (A) Badisha
 - (B) Dhamargava
 - (C) Both (A) and (B)
 - (D) None of these
- 67. Which of the fruits is to be collected in dry condition according to Bhava Prakasha?
 - (A) Draksha
 - (B) Bilva
 - (C) Pathya/Shiva
 - (D) All of these
- 68. According to Charak's *AGRYA*DRAVYA which of the following is the best for treating *KUSTHA*?
 - (A) Sirisha
 - (B) Gandhak
 - (C) Vidanga
 - (D) Khadira

69.		ording to Charak the PANCHA
		A RASA is:
	(A)	Prithvi + Agni
	(B)	Jala + Agni
	(C)	Vayu + Akasha
	(D)	Vayu + Agni
70.	Vite	x nigundo (<i>NIRGUNDI</i>) belongs
	to th	e family :
	(A)	Anacardiaceae

(D) Ranunculaceae

Latin name of DARU SITA is:

Verbenaceae

Fabaceae

(B)

(C)

71.

- (A) Cinnamomum zeylanicum
- (B) Cedrus deodara
- (C) Berberis aristata
- (D) Acorus calamus
- 72. The active ingredient present in DARU HARIDRA is :
 - (A) Aconitin
 - (B) Abrin
 - (C) Atropin
 - (D) Berberin
- 73. Anacyclus pyrethrum is the latin name of:
 - (A) Kokilaksha

- (B) Kutuki
- (C) Akarkarabha
- (D) Bhallatak
- 74. The Synonym of ARKA is:
 - (A) Tulphala
 - (B) Ksheera Parna
 - (C) Arka Parna
 - (D) All of these
- 75. The family of SWETA MUSALI is:
 - (A) Lilliaceae
 - (B) Gramineae
 - (C) Orchidaceae
 - (D) Zingiberaceae
- 76. According to Vagbhata the PANCHABHUTIK SANGHATAN OF SLESHMA is:
 - (A) Ambu + Prithivi
 - (B) Ambu + Teja
 - (C) Vayu + Akasa
 - (D) Akasa + Prithvi
- 77. Who has mentioned the SRONI & GUDA as specific sites of VATA?
 - (A) Charak
 - (B) Vagbhata
 - (C) Sushruta
 - (D) Kasyap

78.	Which of the DOSHA is considered	82.	According to Charak the KAPHA is
	as PRANAH PRANINAM?		the KITTA of
	(A) Pitta	,	(A) Asthi
	(B) Vata	. ′	(B) Rakta
	(C) Rakta	•	(C) Majja
	(D) Kapha		(D) Rasa
79.	According to Charak <i>GATI</i> , <i>PRASARA AND AKSHPA</i> are the functions of : (A) Vyan Vata	83.	Which of the organ is affected by RASA KSHAYA according to Charak? (A) Hridaya
-	(B) Sadak Pitta	•	(B) Yakrit
	(C) Avalambak Kapha		(C) Vrikka
	(D) Prana Vata	•	(D) Amasaya
80.	According to Charak AMATRAYUKTA OF RASI OF AHAAR VIDHI VISESHA AYATAN is of which type ? (A) Hina (B) Adhika (C) Both (A) and (B) (D) None of these	84.	MURCHA, MAMSA, KSHAYA, MOHA, PRALAPA AND MARANA MITI KSHAYO are the findings seen in: (A) Mamsa Kshaya (B) Rakta Kshaya (C) Ojo Kshaya (D) Asthi Kshaya
81.	According to Sushruta the MRIDU, MADHYA AND KRURA are the types of:	85.	SPHATIKA SANNIBHA, GHANA AND PICCHILA are the characters of:
	(A) Agni		(A) Artava
	(B) Kostha		
	(C) Ahara Matra		
	(D) None of these		
	(D) Hollo of those		(D) None of these

			2			
		n of the following is not included		(C)	Five	
	unde	r SROTAS by Sushruta ?	,	(D)	Two	
87.	(B) (C) (D)	Dhamani Sira Both (A) & (B) None of these shape of the heart as described	91.	EME THE	many number of vessels ERGE OUT OR ENTER INTO HEART as described by ruta? Dasa(10)	
0		ıshruta is :		(B)	Chaturvimsati(24)	
	(A) (B)	Rohita matsya Pundarika	÷	(C) (D)	Dwadasa(12) Ekadasa(11)	
	(C) (D)	Indragopa None of these	92.	Acc	ording to Sushruta TULUKHALA	
88.		OHA VILINA GHRITAKAAR is shape described by Sushruta : Majja Dhatu Medo Dhatu Matulunga		(A) (B) (C) (D)	NDHI is present in : Kaksha Vankshana Dasana All of these	
	(D)	None of these	93.	-		
89.	not	ch of the following Sushruta has included in SROTAS merated by Charak? Asthi Vaha Majja Vaha Sweda Vaha All of these	94.	(A) (B) (C) (D)	260 cording to Charak the place of	
90.	Acc SAI	ording to Sushruta how many NDHIS(JOINTS) are present in RI SRONI?		(A) (B) (C)	Hridaya Klomantar	

None of these

(B) Four

- 95. According to Sushruta the LENGTH

 OF KSHUDRANTRA IN WOMEN
 is:
 - (A) Three and Half Vyama
 - (B) Two Vyama
 - (C) Three Vyama
 - (D) Two and half Vyama
- 96. According to Charak the length of DANTADHAVAN KASTHA is :
 - (A) 12 Angula
 - (B) 6 Angula
 - (C) 2 Angula
 - (D) 4 Angula
- 97. In which season Charak has advised DIVASWAPNA?
 - (A) Summer
 - (B) Winter
 - (C) Rainy
 - (D) None of these
- 98. According to Charak VYADHI

 KSHMATA includes:
 - (A) Vyadhi Baka Virodh
 - (B) Vyadhi Utpadak Pratibandh
 - (C) Both (A) and (B)
 - (D) None of these
- 99. Charak has described AHARVIDHI VISESHAAYATAN among them

taking separately each Food Article in said proportion is known:

- (A) Samyog
- (B) Upayoga Samstha
- (C) Prakriti
- (D) Parigraha (Rasi)
- 100. Vata undergoes chaya during:
 - (A) Varsha
 - (B) Sisira
 - (C) Greeshma
 - (D) Sarad
- 101. According to Charak the normal properties of ANTARIKSHA JALA in VASANTA RITU will be changed to:
 - (A) Snigdha, Guru and Madhur
 - (B) Laghu, Abhshyandi and Madhur
 - (C) Kashaya, Madhur and Ruksha
 - (D) Snigdha, Balakarak and Guru
- 102. According to Asthanga Hridaya application of ANJAN is contraindicated during:
 - (A) Night Time
 - (B) Sleeping Time
 - (C) Evening Time
 - (D) All of these

- 103. According to Asthanga Hridaya the dose and number of conditions the PRATIMARSYA NASYA is advised:
 - (A) 2 Bindu and 15 Conditions
 - (B) 4 Bindu and 4 Conditions
 - (C) 8 Bindu and 3 Conditions
 - (D) 2 Bindu and 3 Conditions
- 104. According to Asthanga Hridaya restraining of Sleep will result in :
 - (A) Kandu
 - (B) Pandu
 - (C) Moha Murdhakshi Gaurav
 - (D) Manyasthamba
- 105. According to Asthanga Hridaya

 AMLA, MADHUR, SNIGDHA AND

 GURU materials are contraindicated
 in:
 - (A) Greeshma Ritu
 - (B) Vasant Ritu
 - (C) Varsha Ritu
 - (D) Hemanta Ritu
- 106. Which one has included RAKTA as one of the sources of poisons?
 - (A) Sushruta Samhita
 - (B) Charak Samhita
 - (C) Asthanga Sangraha
 - (D) Rasa Ratna Samucchaya

- 107. Among the following which is the PROPERTY of VISHA according to Charak?
 - (A) Anirdesya Rasa
 - (B) Mridu
 - (C) Guru
 - (D) Seeta
- 108. According to Astha Sangraha which of the *DHATU* is affected first in poisoning?
 - (A) Rasa
 - (B) Rakta
 - (C) Asthi
 - (D) Shukra
- 109. VEGANTARA is the term denotes:
 - (A) Time taken to kill
 - (B) Time to cross Dhatu Kalaa (membranes)
 - (C) Time to show effect
 - (D) Time to excrete out
- 110. VIVARNATA, BHRAMA AND MURCHA etc. signs and symptoms seen when poison enters which of the following according to Charak?
 - (A) Rasa Dhatu
 - (B) Mamsa Dhatu
 - (C) Rakta Dhatu
 - (D) Hridaya

- 111. According to Charak the line of treatment in 1st STAGE OF STHAVAR VISHA VEGA:
 - (A) Virechan
 - (B) Agada paana
 - (C) Vaman
 - (D) Daha Karma
- 112. According to Sushruta the number of VISHAVEGAS:
 - (A) 7
 - (B) 5
 - (C) 10
 - (D) 8
- 113. Charak has advised to protect first of all the Heart while discussing second stage of vishavega and to protect it, he advised which of the following measures?
 - (A) Chaa Asrik
 - (B) Use of Madhu Sarpi and Gairik
 - (C) Ikshu Rasa
 - (D) All of these
- 114. The toxic effects of *KUCHALA* are due to:
 - (A) Alkaloids
 - (B) Glycosides
 - (C) Tanins
 - (D) All of these
- 115. According to Asthanga Sangraha the types of *SNAKE BITE* are:
 - (A) 8
 - (B) 3

- (C) 5
- (D) 1
- 116. According to Asthanga Hridaya, the PANCHA BHOUTIK composition of LAVAN RASA is:
 - (A) Prithvi + Agni
 - (B) Akasa + Prithvi
 - (C) Jala + Agni
 - (D) Agni + Vayu
- 117. According to Asthanga Hridaya which of the statement of ASHRAYA ASHRYEEBHAVA is true?
 - (A) Vata Asthi
 - (B) Pitta-Sweda, Rakta
 - (C) Sleshma-Rasa, Mamsa, Meda, Maja and Shukra
 - (D) All of these
- 118. According to Asthanga Hridaya the line of treatment in *SNEHADAGDHA* is:
 - (A) Adopting Ruksha Measures
 - (B) Adopting Cold (Sheeta)
 Measures
 - (C) Adopting Ushna (Hot) Measures
 - (D) None of these
- 119. According to Asthanga Hridaya ALABU YANTRA is recommended in:
 - (A) Sleshma Rakta
 - (B) Vata dushit Rakta
 - (C) Pitta dushit Rakta
 - (D) None of these

- 120. According to Asthanga Hridaya *GANDUSHA* is of how many types?
 - (A) Three
 - (B) Four
 - (C) Two
 - (D) Five
- 121. The name of First Chapter in Asthanga Hridaya Sutra Sthana is:
 - (A) Dina Charya
 - (B) Ritu Charya
 - (C) Ayushkameeya
 - (D) Sneha Vidhi
- 122. According to Asthanga Hridaya the type of *PRAKRITI* is *NINDANEEYA*:
 - (A) Eka Doshaja
 - (B) Dwi Doshaja
 - (C) Sannipataja
 - (D) None of these
- 123. KRISHANGATA, one of the symoptoms mentioned in Asthanga Hridaya is related to:
 - (A) Mamsa Kshaya
 - (B) Rasa Kshaya
 - (C) Rakta Kshaya
 - (D) Medo Kshaya
- 124. According to Asthanga Hridaya the symptom *SA ASRA MEVA* is seen in :
 - (A) Mutra Kshaya

- (B) Sweda Kshaya
- (C) Mamsa Kshaya
- (D) Pureesha Kshaya
- 125. What will result if less quantity of food is taken according to Asthanga Hridaya?
 - (A) Ojo Kshaya
 - (B) Bala Kshaya
 - (C) Both (A) and (B).
 - (D) None of these
- 126. 'Vishidwau' (विशिद्धौ) refers to which of the following two disease entities?
 - (A) Arshas and Atisara
 - (B) Atisara and Pravahika
 - (C) Atisara and Grahani
 - (D) Arshas and Bhagandara
- 127. Madya is contraindicated in Greeshma Ritu or it has to be given either in less quantity or along with large amount of water (मद्यंनपेयं, पेयंवास्वल्पं, सुबहुवारिवा). Which of the following would be the possible clinical outcome, if this principle is not followed?
 - (A) Moorcha, Sveda and Jwara
 - (B) Jwara, Kota and Moorcha
 - (C) Vami, Amlodgaara and Moorcha
 - (D) Shosha, Shaithilya, Shopha

- 128. Point out the Taila which has properties like "Twagdosha Krutacakshushyam' (त्वादोषकृदक्षुष्यम्):
 - (A) Kusumbha Taila
 - (B) Atasi Taila
 - (C) Sarshapa Taila
 - (D) Tila Taila
- 129. Chikitsa advised in Shukra Vega rodha janya Vikara is:
 - (A) Bastishudhhikaraisiddham ksheeram
 - (B) Shuktasrutikaraisiddham ksheeram
 - (C) Shukra Vruddhi karaisiddhamksheeram
 - (D) None of these
- 130. Which of the following preparation is suited for those persons who consume sneha daily for the purpose of Snehana i.e. 'Snehapaayi' (स्नेहपायि)?
 - (A) Manda
 - (B) Vilepi
 - (C) Yavagu
 - (D) Peya
- 131. Angamarda, Shirogaurava, Jrumbika, Jaadya, Glani, Bhrama, Apakti and Tandra (अङ्गमर्दशिरोगौरवजृम्भिका:जाङ्यग्लानिभ्रमा-पक्तितन्द्रा..) are the symptoms produced as a result of :
 - (A) Practicing Divaswapna

- (B) Akala Nidra
- (C) Atinidra
- (D) Nidranasha
- 132. When Yava and Godhuma are taken as food, which of the following is the Anupana?
 - (A) Takra
 - (B) Dahi
 - (C) Sheeta jala
 - (D) Mastu
- 133. "Vichara Glani kaarakam" (विचारग्लानिकारकम्) are the properties of ______
 - (A) Naabhasa Dravya
 - (B) Aagneya Dravya
 - (C) Vaayavya Dravya
 - (D) Aapya Dravya
- 134. Which one of the following Rasas can achieve 'Kanta Vishodhana'?
 - (A) Kashaya Rasa
 - (B) Tikta Rasa
 - (C) Katu Rasa
 - (D) Lavana Rasa
- 135. Pick the odd out:
 - (A) Mootra Vruddhi MehaChikitsa
 - (B) Mootra Kashya Mootra Kruchra Chikitsa
 - (C) Sveda Kshaya Vyaayama,Madya, Abhyanga
 - (D) None of these

(Turn over)

- 136. Which one of the following combinations can lead to Kapha Kopa?
 - (A) Snighaadi Gunna + Sheeta
 - (B) Teekshnaadi Guna + Sheeta
 - (C) Snighaadi Guna + Ushna
 - (D) Mandaadi Guna + Sheeta
- 137. Give an initial treatment principle of the following condition:

Pravruttaan Doshaan ... (प्रवृत्तान्प्रागतोदोषान्....)

- (A) PacayetNirharetva.....
- (B) UpekshetaHitashinah....
- (C) ShodhayetShodanaih....
- (D) Dhaarayetaushadhai...
- 138. 'MastuDandaahataaristacintashodhanajaagaram' (मस्तु दण्डाहतारिष्ट-चिन्ताशोधनजागरम्) is indicated in :
 - (A) Ati Sthaulya janya roga
 - (B) Aama dosha
 - (C) Ati Nidra janya roga
 - (D) Abhishannadeha
- 139. Which of the following Gana is indicated in "Chala Kapha medah peenasa Gulma Jwarashooladurnaamna" (चलकफमेदः पीनसगुल्मज्वरशूलदुर्नाम्नः):
 - (A) Rodhraadhi
 - (B) Asanaadi

- (C) Vatsakaadi
- (D) VacaHaridraadi
- 140. Choose an ideal Sneha dravya for the purpose of Snehana in Kusta from the following without contradicting the textual (Astanga Hrudaya) indications:
 - (A) Tila
 - (B) Maasha
 - (C) Pippali Vipachita sneha
 - (D) Sura
- 141. Who is the writer of KASYAP SAMHITA?
 - (A) Kasyap
 - (B) Kankayan
 - (C) Vriddha Jeevak
 - (D) Jatukarna
- 142. The Period of SARANGADHAR SAMHITA:
 - (A) 13th AD
 - (B) 500 BC
 - (C) 16th AD
 - (D) 2500 BC
- 143. The *MADHUKOSH* Sanskrit commentary was written on:
 - (A) Sarangadhar Samhita
 - (B) Rasaratna Samucchaya
 - (C) Madhav Nidan
 - (D) Harita Samhita

- 144. Chakrapani Datta is the Writer and Commentator of:
 - (A) Chakradatta
 - (B) Charak
 - (C) Sushruta
 - (D) All of these
- 145. Which of the book mentioned the *PHIRANGA ROGA* for the first time?
 - (A) Bhava Prakasa
 - (B) Dravyaguna Vigyan
 - (C) Sushruta Samhita
 - (D) Madanpal Nighantu
- 146. Who has redacted the Sushruta Samhita?
 - (A) Dridabal
 - (B) Agnivesa
 - (C) Nagarjun
 - (D) Atreya
- 147. The very familiar Commentary on Sarangadhar Samhita-Deepika's commentator is:
 - (A) Lalchand Vaidya

- (B) Adhamall
- (C) Dalhan
- (D) Jajjata
- 148. Who is the mentor of YOGA DARSHAN?
 - (A) Maharshi Kapil
 - (B) Charvak
 - (C) Maharshi Gautam
 - (D) Maharshi Patanjali
- 149. Rasa Ratna Samucchaya was written by:
 - (A) Vagbhata
 - (B) Vriddha Vagbhata
 - (C) Rasa Vagbhata
 - (D) Somadev
- 150. Central Council of Indian Medicine is established in :
 - (A) 1971
 - (B) 1960
 - (C) 1962
 - (D) 1975